

Conduct accurate hardness testing wherever needed

Leeb – UCI – Equotip
Portable Rockwell



Content

4 Intro

History

Hardness testing methods

Applications

10 Portfolio

14 Equotip 550

Leeb

UCI

Rockwell

Software

52 Equotip Live

62 Piccolo 2 / Bambino 2

66 Calibration

72 Extra

Hardness book

Contact us

Proceq – A story of success over more than 70 years

A legacy of quality, a future of growth.

Market Leader

Proceq SA, founded 1954 in Switzerland, is the global leader in portable measurement solutions for the non-destructive testing of material properties of metal, concrete, rock, paper and composites. The first Equotip portable hardness tester was introduced by Proceq in 1975.

Worldwide Local Support

Our team of dedicated experts are available to advise you on our instruments and their applications. In addition, you may take further benefits from our instructional videos, evaluation tools, online webinars and of course our live seminars globally.

Swiss Made

Proceq instruments are developed, designed and manufactured in Switzerland, guaranteeing the highest product and service quality. Since 1994, the management system of Proceq SA is also certified according to ISO 9001.

Experience

Proceq has been a proud innovator in the field of portable non-destructive testing, developing solutions that have conquered the inspection industry for decades. Most famous brands are Equotip®, Schmidt®, Pundit®, Profometer® and Carboteq®.

Swiss Accreditation Service & ISO/IEC 17025

Proceq is certified as a Swiss Confederation Accredited Calibration Lab, providing all new Equotip devices with ISO/IEC 17025 factory calibration as standard. ISO/IEC 17025 is a formal recognition of the technical and organizational competence to execute calibrations.

Merger between Proceq SA and Tectus Dreamlab

In 2019, Proceq SA merged with Tectus Dreamlab to form Screening Eagle Technologies - a company with a mission to protect the built world with sensors, software, and data.

Creators of Leeb Principle in 1975

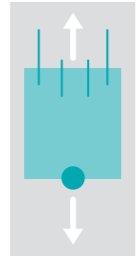


Since Proceq invented the Leeb hardness test principle in 1975, Equotip has become established as a globally recognized brand for portable hardness testing and a de facto global industry standard.



PORTABLE HARDNESS TESTING METHODS

Discover the method that suits you best

The Equotip can utilize 3 different portable hardness testing methods. Read about the benefits of each method to know which best suits your project needs.

| | LEEB | UCI | ROCKWELL |
|------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Our products |  |  |  |
| Equotip 550 | x | x | x |
| Equotip Live | x | x | |
| Piccolo 2 Bambino 2 | x | | |
| | <p>Leeb Hardness Testing Principle</p> <p>The Leeb hardness testing principle is based on the dynamic (rebound) method. In the Leeb method, a spring propels an impact body through a guide tube toward the test piece and measures the loss of impact energy of the impact body due to the impact. The loss of energy correlates with the hardness of the test piece.</p> | <p>The Ultrasonic Contact Impedance Principle</p> <p>In the UCI method, a resonator excites a rod with an 136° Vickers diamond into longitudinal ultrasonic oscillation. As the diamond is forced into the material, the frequency of the rod oscillation changes in response to the contact surface between the diamond and the testing material. This frequency change is directly related to the size of the indentation and therefore the hardness of the material.</p> | <p>The Portable Rockwell Principle</p> <p>The Portable Rockwell is a portable adaptation of the bench-top Rockwell method based on the direct indentation. With the Rockwell method, a diamond indenter is forced into the test surface using a precisely controlled force. The indentation depth of the diamond is measured while a load is applied and released.</p> |



APPLICATION RANGE

The perfect solution for every application

Choosing the right hardness testing method is crucial. Different tasks require different approaches. Equotip offers a diverse range of portable hardness testers to suit these varying needs.



| | | LEEB | PORTABLE ROCKWELL | UCI |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------|-------------------|------------|
| | Av. Roughness R, (um / winch) | 7 / 275 | 2/80 | 12.5 / 500 |
| | Min. Mass (kg / lbs) | 0.02 / 0.045 | No requirement | 0.3 / 0.66 |
| | Min. Thickness (mm / inch) | 1/0.04 | 10 x ind. depth | 5/0.2 |
| Oil & Gas | Weld, base material & Heat Affected Zone (HAZ) | | ● | |
| | Pressure vessels | ● | ● | ● |
| | Pipes | ● | ● | ● |
| | Flanges | ● | ● | ● |
| | Wellhead equipment | | ● | ● |
| | Rock Core | ● | | |
| Automotive | Engine blocks | ● | | |
| | Shafts | ● | ● | ● |
| | Gears | ● | ● | ● |
| | Panels | | ● | ● |
| | Brake Systems | | | ● |
| Aerospace | Turbine blades | ● | ● | ● |
| | Casing / Housing | | | ● |
| | Panels | | ● | ● |
| | Cast objects | ● | | |
| | Landing gears | ● | | |
| Manufacturing & Machinery | Rolls | ● | | |
| | Coils | ● | ● | ● |
| | Bars/pipes | ● | ● | ● |
| | Heat treatment/Casting | ● | ● | |
| | Wires | | ● | ● |
| Power Generation | Boilers | ● | | ● |
| | Pipes | ● | ● | ● |
| | High alloy steel (incl. Superalloys) components | ● | | ● |
| | Generator stator wedges | ● | | |
| | Turbine bolts | | ● | ● |
| | Turbine stator | | ● | ● |
| | Wind turbine nose | ● | | ● |

PORT FOLIO

APPLICATION RANGE

Versatile, accurate and user-friendly solutions for portable hardness testing



Equotip 550

The Versatile Portable Hardness Testing System

Shock-absorbing, touchscreen, dust and splashproof, and functional in wide temperature range. You have 3 different test methods to choose from.



Equotip 550 Leeb

For on-site testing of heavy, large or installed parts.



Equotip 550 UCI

For fine-grained material, heat-treated surfaces, weld inspection, surface treated parts, turbine blades and coatings.



Equotip 550 Portable Rockwell

Primarily for small, light, thin, walled or tubular test objects, scratch-sensitive and polished parts, machined parts.



Equotip Live

Hardness Testing on Your Mobile Device

Using UCI and Leeb methods for fast and practical hardness testing. Check the results on your mobile device or on the Workspace website.

Equotip Piccolo 2 | Bambino 2

Entry model for Rapid Onsite Tests

Easy to use, entry level Leeb hardness testers, ideal for projects that only tolerate a small indentation.



All Proce'q probes are delivered with ISO 17025-Accredited calibrations.



Equotip 550

EQUOTIP 550

The All-In-One Portable Hardness Testing Solution

The rugged Swiss-made metal hardness testers are designed for portable hardness testing at production facilities, on site, in the lab and in the workshop.



Powerful Hardware

- Rugged housing
- High-capacity battery
- Versatile connectivity
- Suitable for automation

Measuring Performance

- Selection of various probes with the highest accuracy & repeatability*
- Custom conversions
- Combined methods

Ease of Use

- Large touchscreen
- Personalized views
- Custom reports

The Equotip 550 is the most versatile all-in-one solution for portable hardness testing using Leeb, Portable Rockwell and UCI.

The hardness measurements are made by using the dynamic rebound testing method according to Leeb, the static Portable Rockwell hardness test and the Ultrasonic Contact Impedance (UCI) method.



Read more about accuracy & repeatability

<https://www.screeningeagle.com/en/inspection/what-you-should-know-about-the-accuracy-and-repeatability-of-uci-probes>

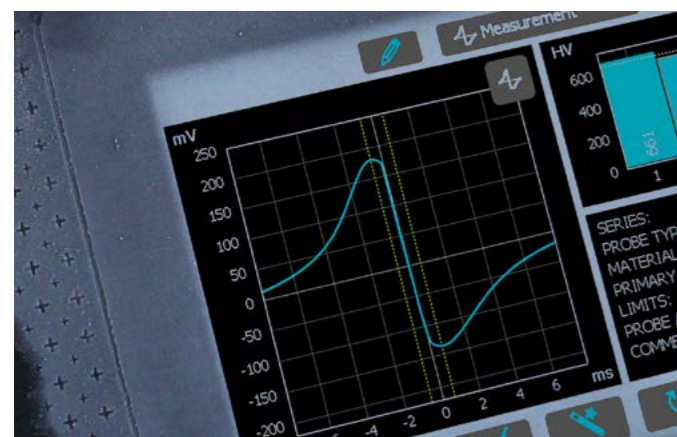
EQUOTIP 550 - DISPLAY

Equotip 550 Touchscreen Unit - Built for Demanding Environments

Equotip 550 takes advantage of a new generation full color, dual processor Touchscreen Unit with enhanced software capabilities. It offers a unique range of functions and probes which help speed up on-site and laboratory inspections and analysis.

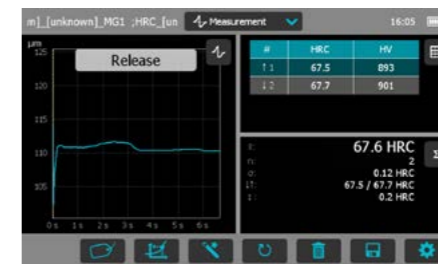


Unmatched Features & User Experience



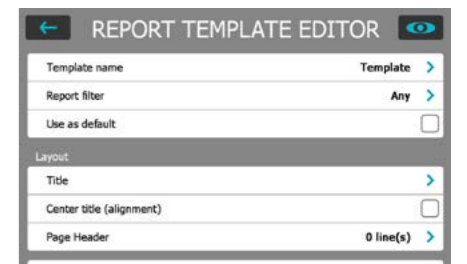
Increased accuracy through conversion curve options

Create, edit and verify material conversion curves directly on the instrument (one-point, two-point shift or polynomial). PC software enables direct sharing of conversions with customers, suppliers and associated companies.



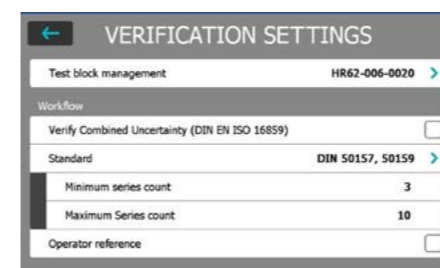
Reduced incorrect measurements with interactive guides

Obtain the most relevant settings for any application and recognize and prevent faulty usage with intelligent on-screen notifications, supporting and training the users.



Time saving through customized reports

Generate PDF reports on-site directly on the instrument and export to a USB stick. The reports can be fully configured and enhanced with customer specific information and company logo.



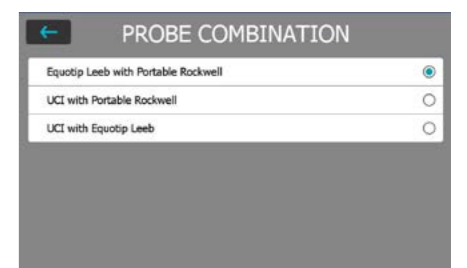
Traceable precision by verification management

Feed the measurement results directly into data management systems. Comprehensive software tools and libraries help to easily include the Equotip 550 into existing production chains.



Reduced costs due to a future proof all-in-one solution

Apply three measuring principles and to connect nine different probes with only one device. There is no need to buy several instruments to meet your future testing needs.



Enlarged application range by combining methods

Reduce the influence of material and geometries with the step-by-step combined method wizard for automatic on-site correlation of two different measuring principles.

EQUOTIP 550 - DISPLAY

Equotip 550 Touchscreen Unit Specifications

Full color, dual processor touchscreen unit with enhanced software capabilities.



| | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Display | 7" color display 800x480 pixels | Battery | 3.6 V, 14.0 Ah |
| Memory | Internal 8 GB flash memory | Battery Lifetime | > 10h (in standard operating mode) |
| Regional Settings | Metric and Imperial units, multi-language and time zone support | Humidity | < 95 % RH, non condensing |
| Power Input | 12 V +/-25% / 1.5 A | Operating Temperature | -10 °C to +50 °C |
| Connectors | Probe, USB and Ethernet | IP | 54 |
| Dimensions | 250 x 162 x 62 mm | Certification | CE |
| Weight | 1525 g (incl. Battery) | | |



EQUOTIP 550 - LEEB - TECH INFORMATION

Probes for any function

Equotip 550 Leeb has multiple probes with automatic angle detection, which are suited for various kinds of test pieces and and from any angle. Here are all the probes you can choose from.

Standards

ASTM A956 / A370 / A1058

DIN EN ISO16859

GB/T 17394

JB/T 9378

Conversion standards

ASTM E140

ISO 18265

DL/T 1845 (Leeb D only)

Proceq's own conversion curves

Guidelines

ASME CRTD-91

DGZfP Guideline MC 1

VDI / VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1

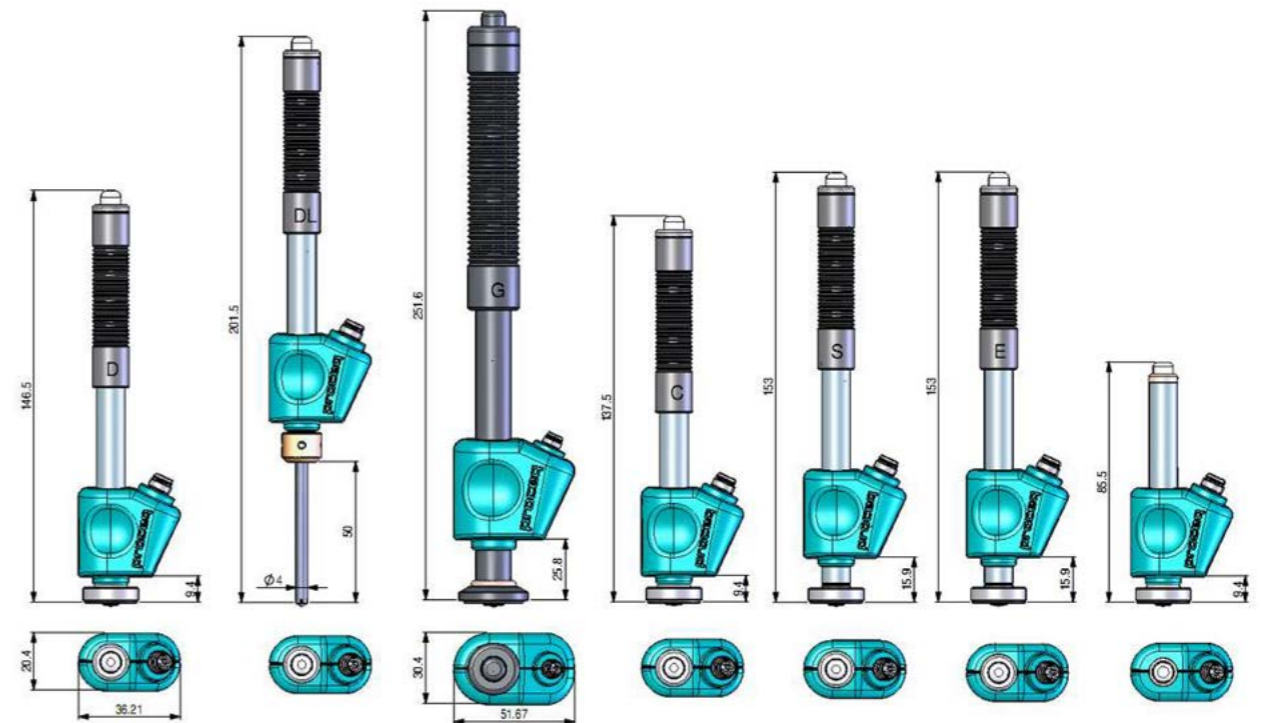
Nordtest Technical Reports 99.12, 99.13, 99.36



| | D/DC | DL | S | E | G | C |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Impact energy | 11 Nmm | 11 Nmm | 11 Nmm | 11 Nmm | 90 Nmm | 3 Nmm |
| Indenter | Tungsten carbide 3 mm | Tungsten carbide 2.8 mm | Silicon carbide 3 mm | Polycrystalline diamond 3 mm | Tungsten carbide 5 mm | Tungsten carbide 3 mm |
| Scope | Most commonly used probe. For the majority of applications. | Narrow indenter (probe) tip for measurement on hard to reach areas or spaces with limited access. | For measurements in extreme hardness ranges. Tool steels with a high carbide content. | For measurements in extreme hardness ranges. Tool steels with high carbide content. | Large and heavy components, e.g. casts and forged parts. | For surface hardened components, coatings, thin or impact-sensitive parts. |
| Test blocks | <500 HLD ~600 HLD ~775 HLD | <710 HLDL ~780 HLDL ~890 HLDL | <815 HLS ~875 HLS | ~740 HLE ~810 HLE | ~450 HLG ~570 HLG | ~565 HLC ~665 HLC ~835 HLC |

Dimensions of the probes

Our probes come in various lengths and widths for testing even in deep or tight areas, as well as various impact energies and indenter materials. This versatility ensures that no matter the size or accessibility of the area you're working with, or end application, you have the perfect probe to get the job done accurately and efficiently.



EQUOTIP 550 - LEEB - ACCESSORIES

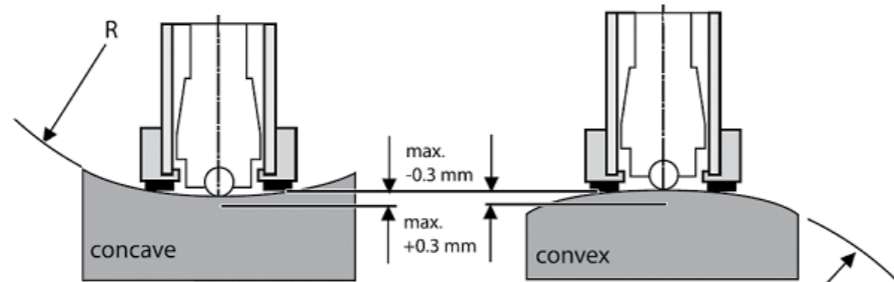
A wide variety of impact devices and support rings

To ensure accurate measurements in all cases, Proceq offers a range of special support rings designed for measurements on curved sample surfaces.

Impact Devices D/DC, C, E, S and G

D6 = The 19.5 mm OD minimum test surface curvature of R = 60 mm.

D6a = 13.5 mm outer diameter (OD), test surface curvature is larger than R = 30 mm.

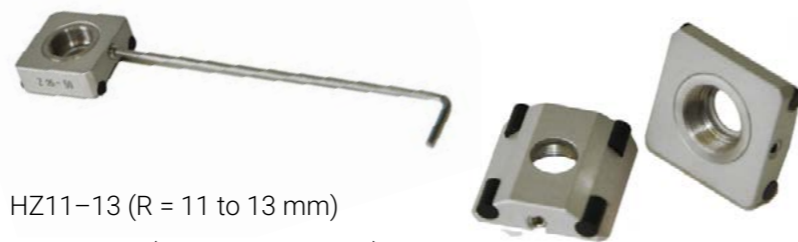


G6a = 19.5 mm OD curvature of the sample R > 100 mm
 G6 = 29.5 mm OD curvature of the sample R > 50 mm

Cylindrical Test Surfaces

Z10-15 (R = 10 to 15 mm cylinder radius)

Z14.5-30 (R = 14.5 to 30 mm),



HZ11-13 (R = 11 to 13 mm)

HZ12.5-17 (R = 12.5 to 17 mm)

HZ16.5-30 (R = 16.5 to 30 mm cylinder radius)

Spherical Test Surfaces

K10-15 (R = 10 to 15 mm spherical radius)

K14.5-30 (R = 14.5 to 30 mm spherical radius).



HK11-13 (R = 11 to 13 mm)

HK12.5-17 (R = 12.5 to 17 mm)

HK16.5-30 (R = 16.5 to 30 mm cylinder radius)

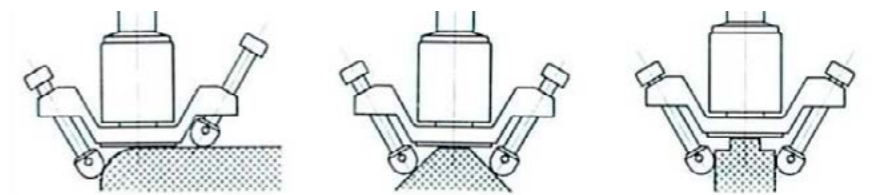
HK12.5-17 (R = 12.5 to 17 mm spherical radius)



Testing in Recesses Impact device *



Universal Support Ring



Quick on-site roughness comparison

- For each hardness measurement there are criteria regarding the surface roughness
- The harder the material, the more critical is the surface quality

| Impact device | Ra | Rt | ISO 1302 |
|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|
| D, DC, DL, S, E | 2.0 µm | 10.0 µm | N7 |
| G | 7.0 µm | 30.0 µm | N9 |
| C | 0.4 µm | 2.5 µm | N5 |



| equotip® | | proceq | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Surface Roughness Comparator Plate | | | | |
| | | Leeb HLG | | UCI 50 N |
| | | | | UCI 100 N |
| | | UCI 10 N | | |
| | | Leeb HLD | | |
| Leeb HLC | Port. Rockwell | | | |
| Ra 0.4 µm | Ra 1.6 µm | Ra 3.2 µm | Ra 6.3 µm | Ra 12.5 µm |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

EQUOTIP 550 - LEEB - CONVERSION SCALES

Maximize flexibility with the widest range of Leeb conversion curves for comprehensive material testing.

With the broadest conversion curve and material portfolio, you'll be ready for any testing scenario, ensuring accurate hardness measurements across a wide range of materials. This means flexibility now and the confidence to meet future testing needs as they arise



| Material Class | Method | Unit | Probe | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|
| | | | D/DC | DL | S | E | G | C | |
| Steel and Cast Steel | Vickers | HV | 81-955 | 80-950 | 101-964 | 84-1211 | * | 81-1012 | |
| | Brinell | HB | 81-654 | 81-646 | 101-640 | 83-686 | 90-646 | 81-694 | |
| | | HRB | 38-100 | 37-100 | * | * | 48-100 | * | |
| | Rockwell | HRC | 20-68 | 21-68 | 22-70 | 20-72 | * | 20-70 | |
| | | HRA | * | * | 61-88 | 61-88 | * | * | |
| | Shore | HS | 30-99 | 31-97 | 28-104 | 29-103 | * | 30-102 | |
| | R _m σ ^{1a} | MPa | 275-2194 | 275-2297 | 340-2194 | 283-2195 | 305-2194 | 275-2194 | |
| | R _m σ ^{2b} | MPa | 616-1148 | 614-1485 | 615-1480 | 616-1479 | 618-1478 | 615-1479 | |
| R _m σ ^{3c} | MPa | 449-847 | 449-847 | 450-846 | 448-849 | 450-847 | 450-846 | | |
| Work Tool Steel | Vickers | HV | 80-900 | 80-905 | 104-924 | 82-1009 | * | 98-942 | |
| | Rockwell | HRC | 21-67 | 21-67 | 22-68 | 23-70 | | 20-67 | |
| Stainless Steel | Vickers | HV | 85-802 | * | 119-934 | 88-668 | * | * | |
| | Brinell | HB | 85-655 | * | 105-656 | 87-661 | * | * | |
| | | HRB | 46-102 | * | 70-104 | 49-102 | * | * | |
| | Rockwell | HRC | 20-62 | * | 21-64 | 20-64 | * | * | |
| High Alloy Steels | | P/T91(10Cr9Mo1VNbN) | | 130-300 | * | * | | * | * |
| | P/T92 (10Cr9moW2VNbBN) | | 130-281 | * | * | | * | * | |
| | P/T92 welded | | 140-330 | * | * | | * | * | |
| | GH4145 | | 280-390 | * | * | | * | * | |
| | C422 (22Cr12NiWMoV) | Brinell | HBW | 240-380 | * | * | | * | * |
| | 20Cr13 | | | 280-310 | * | * | | * | * |
| | 05Cr17Ni4Cu4Nb | | | 265-333 | * | * | | * | * |
| | 14Cr12NiBmo2VN | | | 280-403 | * | * | | * | * |
| | 22CR12NiWMoV | | | 256-320 | * | * | | * | * |
| Grey Cast Iron (GG) Lamellar Graphite | Brinell | HB | 90-664 | * | * | | * | * | |
| | Vickers | HV | 90-698 | * | * | | 92-326 | * | |
| | Rockwell | HRC | 21-59 | * | * | | * | * | |
| Nodular Cast Iron (GGG) | G Brinell | HB | 95-686 | * | * | | 127-364 | * | |
| | Vickers | HV | 96-724 | * | * | | * | * | |
| Cast Aluminum Alloys | Rockwell | HRC | 21-60 | * | * | | 19-37 | * | |
| | Brinell | HB | 19-164 | 20-187 | 20-184 | 23-176 | 19-168 | 21-167 | |
| Brass Copper/Zinc Alloys | Vickers | HV | 22-193 | 21-191 | 22-196 | 22-198 | * | * | |
| | Rockwell | HRB | 24-85 | * | * | * | 24-86 | 23-85 | |
| CuAl CuSn Alloys (Bronze) | Brinell | HB | 40-173 | * | * | | * | * | |
| | Rockwell | HRB | 14-95 | * | * | | * | * | |
| Wrought Copper Alloys | Brinell | HB | 60-290 | * | * | | * | * | |
| | Rockwell | HRB | 45-315 | * | * | | * | * | |

EQUOTIP 550 - LEEB - TEST PIECE REQUIREMENTS

Test piece thickness and weight criteria

When dealing with pieces that are thin, light, polished, or small, selecting the right probe is crucial based on the weight criteria of the testing piece. The probe you choose must accommodate the specific characteristics of the material to ensure accurate results.



LEEB

| Impact devices/probes | D | DC | DL | S | E | C | G |
|--|---|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| Thin objects | | | | | | ○ | |
| Light objects | | | | | | ○ | |
| Objects with limited/difficult accessibility | | ● | ● | | | | |
| Polished objects ¹⁾ | | | | | | ● | |
| Small round objects ²⁾ | ● | ● | | ● | ● | ● | |
| Mid-size objects | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | |
| Very hard objects | | | | ● | ● | | |
| Large objects | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| Large cast objects | | | | | | | ● |

1) If only small indentation are allowed. 2) Leeb probes in combination with correct support ring. ○) Depending on test object.

| | | D/DC | DL | S | E | G | C |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|-------------|--------------|
| Test Piece Requirements | Surface preparation | Roughness grade class ISO 1302 | N7 | | | N9 | N5 |
| | | Max. roughness depth Rt (µm / µinch) | 10 / 400 | | | 30 / 1200 | 2.5 / 100 |
| | | Average roughness Ra (µm / µinch) | 2 / 80 | | | 7 / 275 | 0.4 / 16 |
| | Minimum sample mass | Of compact shape (kg / lbs) | 5 / 11 | | | 15 / 33 | 1.5 / 3.3 |
| | | On solid support (kg / lbs) | 2 / 4.5 | | | 5 / 11 | 0.5 / 1.1 |
| | | Coupled on plate (kg / lbs) | 0.05 / 0.2 | | | 0.5 / 1.1 | 0.02 / 0.045 |
| | Minimum sample thickness | Uncoupled (mm / inch) | 25 / 0.98 | | | 70 / 2.73 | 15 / 0.59 |
| | | Coupled (mm / inch) | 3 / 0.12 | | | 10 / 0.4 | 1 / 0.04 |
| | | Surface layer thickness (mm / inch) | 0.8 / 0.03 | | | | 0.2 / 0.008 |
| | Indentation size on test surface | With 300 HV, 30 HRC | Diameter (mm / inch) | 0.54 / 0.021 | | | 1.03 / 0.04 |
| Depth (µm / µinch) | | | 24 / 960 | | | 53 / 2120 | 12 / 480 |
| With 600 HV, 55 HRC | | Diameter (mm / inch) | 0.45 / 0.017 | | | 0.9 / 0.035 | 0.32 / 0.012 |
| | | Depth (µm / µinch) | 17 / 680 | | | 41 / 1640 | 8 / 2560 |
| With 800 HV, 63 HRC | | Diameter (mm / inch) | 0.35 / 0.013 | | | | 0.30 / 0.011 |
| | | Depth (µm / µinch) | 10 / 400 | | | | 7 / 280 |

Our range of probes is designed to handle various weights and surfaces, providing the precision needed for delicate and lightweight items.

EQUOTIP 550 - LEEB - CASE STUDY/APPLICATION NOTE

Non-invasive Testing in Lava Tubes on the First Space Analog Mission in Portugal

Ana Pires, a pioneering scientist-astronaut, led Portugal's first space analog mission to a lava tube similar to those found on the Moon. But this wasn't your typical scientific expedition. Read more to discover the extreme conditions they faced and the innovative tools they used.



Overview

Scientist-astronaut Ana Pires led Portugal's first space analog mission to assess geotechnical rock mass and underground geomechanical stability and characterize lava tubes similar to those found on the moon.

The Schmidt Hammer and Equotip portable hardness tester were used to assess the rock hardness of the lava tube rock wall during the engineering geology mapping and geotechnical assessment.

The team successfully collected valuable data despite the extreme conditions, significantly highlighting Portugal's potential in space exploration.

Scientist-astronaut Ana Pires is a researcher at INESC TEC's Centre for Robotics and Autonomous Systems and has been using Screening Eagle's Proceq equipment for over twenty years. From the ground-breaking missions here on earth at "Mars" Terrestrial Analog sites and in marine environments to the all-women microgravity mission to perform research in "space", Ana proves there are no limits...

For this mission, which stimulated a Lunar environment, Ana Pires (Geosciences and Geotechnics), Rui Moura (Geophysics), and Helder I. Chaminé (Geo-Mapping and Geomechanics) were the Geo-team of Crew Zero.

Challenge

Lava tubes have been identified on Mars and the Moon. Aside from being good places for humans to protect themselves from radiation, micrometeorites, and extreme temperature variations, lava tubes may be the starting point for building labs and habitats on the Moon and Mars. That's why performing underground engineering geology mapping and testing the geotechnical rock mass behavior and geomechanical stability of the lava tubes here on Earth is crucial.

There are several lava tubes worldwide, and this project proves that Portugal holds excellent potential for this type of research. The extreme conditions for the research

were highly challenging. There is an isolated shelter from the exterior on the site's surface where the team can store equipment and food and use the bathroom.

Underground, inside the lava tubes, the team has tents to sleep in and headlamps and lighting to conduct their research. Most of the time, the team spends inside the lava tube researching, mapping, and collecting rock and soil samples. Seven researchers were inside the cave conducting various experiments, including Ana's geotechnical characterization and geomechanical evaluation testing on rock mass.

Solution

Equotip portable hardness testers and Schmidt Classic Hammers (types L, LR) were the chosen tech solutions for this project. They have been the trusted geo-partners for Ana's working life in all extreme environments. Ana uses both technologies to correlate the values and understand the rock behavior better. During the mission, the team had three remote outreach and educational activities sessions, explaining what they were doing live in real time.

The Equotip portable hardness tester was used to understand if these structures are safe to build, do construction, and do architecture inside. Geotechnologies like Proceq offer a rugged solution to measure rock hardness. The Equotip and Schmidt Hammer complement the rock hardness assessment and help assess the geomechanical behavior of rock mass and the underground geotechnical mapping. This helps humanity better understand the future if these caves are safe for humans to live inside. Important work!

Results

The team spent almost 24 hours daily for 6 nights and 7 days underground in the lava tubes, showing great potential for using these natural stretches for space training activities.

Everything went well, and they received support from the local speleological association ('Associação Os Montanheiros'), which offered all the safety and backing they needed.

The results of this mission were more than geotechnical assessment and more than science. It was also an extraordinary project because two women led this first mission. Ana was the commander of this mission, and Yvette Gonzalez, an indigenous-origin Executive Officer (XO), brought diversity where it had not been before while leading a mission that had also never been done in Portugal.

This unique and vital mission shows the potential benefits of construction or habitation inside lava tubes. It also shows the incredible potential of the non-destructive testing equipment, Schmidt hammer and Equotip, when used in extreme conditions.

The team collected vast amounts of data over the seven days they spent inside the lava tubes. Now, they are mapping, processing, analyzing, and assessing the data to draw conclusions and learn lessons about the lava tube's geomechanical behavior and stability.

"It was an extreme mission, but at the same time and as a woman, leading the first lunar space analog mission in Portugal was amazing!" – Ana Pires, INESC TEC.



EQUOTIP 550 - UCI - TECH INFORMATION

Next generation of UCI with various test loads (HV1, HV5, HV10)

Its electronic force sensor allows you to adjust the load to your testing needs and controls the precise force application.

Standards

- ASTM A1038 / A370 / A1058
- DIN 50159
- GB/T 34205

Conversion standards

- ASTM E140
- ISO 18265
- Proceq's own conversion curves

Guidelines

- ASME CRTD-91
- DGZfP Guideline MC 1
- VDI / VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1



| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Measuring range | 20 – 2000 HV |
| Resolution | 1 HV (UCI), 0.1 HRC |
| Measuring accuracy | ± 2% (150 – 950 HV) |
| Test loads | Selectable: HV1, HV5, HV10 |
| Diamond indenter | Vickers diamond according to ISO 6507-2 |
| Dimensions | 150 x ø 40 mm (6.1 x ø 1.57 inches) without foot |

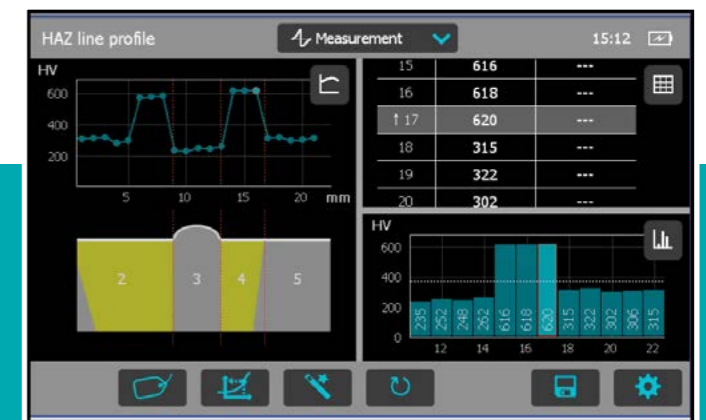
Adjustable test load for the HV1, HV5, HV10 probe

The required test load can be selected by the user in the settings menu. For each measurement series, the force can be chosen from three levels, HV1, HV5, and HV10 (~10 N, ~50N, and ~100 N), to fit a wide range of applications. The minimum required mass for reliable UCI measurements is 0.3 kg (0.66 lbs), and a thickness of at least 5 mm (0.2 inch).

| | |
|------|--|
| HV1 | Precision parts, thin coatings, hardened layers, ion-nitride surfaces, coatings , turbine blades |
| HV5 | HAZ, carburized parts, press stamping dies, thin-walled parts, turbine blades, baring, tooth flanks, coatings, ion-nitride surfaces, thinner precision-parts |
| HV10 | Casts, Forgings, weld inspection, HAZ |

For Heat Affected Zones

HAZ feature is specially designed for one of the most common applications with UCI, the evaluation of heat affected zones of welds. This feature makes it even easier to evaluate and document the results.



EQUOTIP 550 - UCI - ACCESSORIES

Special Foot

The optionally available special foot increases the measurement repeatability by maintaining the required angle deviation of ± 5 degrees. It can be used for flat or curved surfaces. For curved surfaces, there are two different apertures, one for diameters from 5 to 25 mm and one for larger diameters from 20 to 70 mm.



EQUOTIP 550 - UCI - CONVERSION SCALES

UCI

| Material Class | Method | Unit | Conversation Range | E modulus GPa |
|--|------------|-------|--------------------|---------------|
| Steel and cast Steel | Leeb | HLD | 290-890 | 210 |
| | Brinell | HB | 66-737 | |
| | Rockwell | HRC | 20-70 | |
| | | HRA | 59-99 | |
| | | HRB | 37-85 | |
| | | HR15N | 69-94 | |
| | HR15T | 78-96 | | |
| Aluminium | Rm | MPa | 220-2264 | 75 |
| | Vickers | HV | 24-225 | |
| | Brinell** | HB | 24-199 | |
| | Rockwell** | HRB | 24-255 | |
| 1 point quick shift conversion curves | | | | |
| Titanium / Ti5Al-4V | | | 263-406* | 115 |
| Cast Iron / GJS | | | 141-193* | 160 |
| Incoloy 825 / 2.4858 | Vickers | HV | 32-197* | 195 |
| 304L / 1.4301 | | | 170-244* | 200 |
| P91 / T91 | | | 140-228* | 218 |
| Alloy 75 / 2.4630 | | | 140-225* | 221 |

* Recommended conversion range base on 1-point quick shift conversions. Measurements outside of this range may be prone to higher measurement errors.

**Conversion based on ISO 18265

Read more about the Young's (Elastic) modulus impact on UCI measurements

<https://www.screeningeagle.com/en/inspection/youngs-modulus-ultrasonic-contact-impedance-hardness-testing>



EQUOTIP 550 - UCI - TEST PIECE REQUIREMENTS

UCI test loads, specimen requirements and indentation size specs

The UCI test method has lower requirements for test specimen thickness and weight, which can give it an advantage when testing thin and lightweight parts.

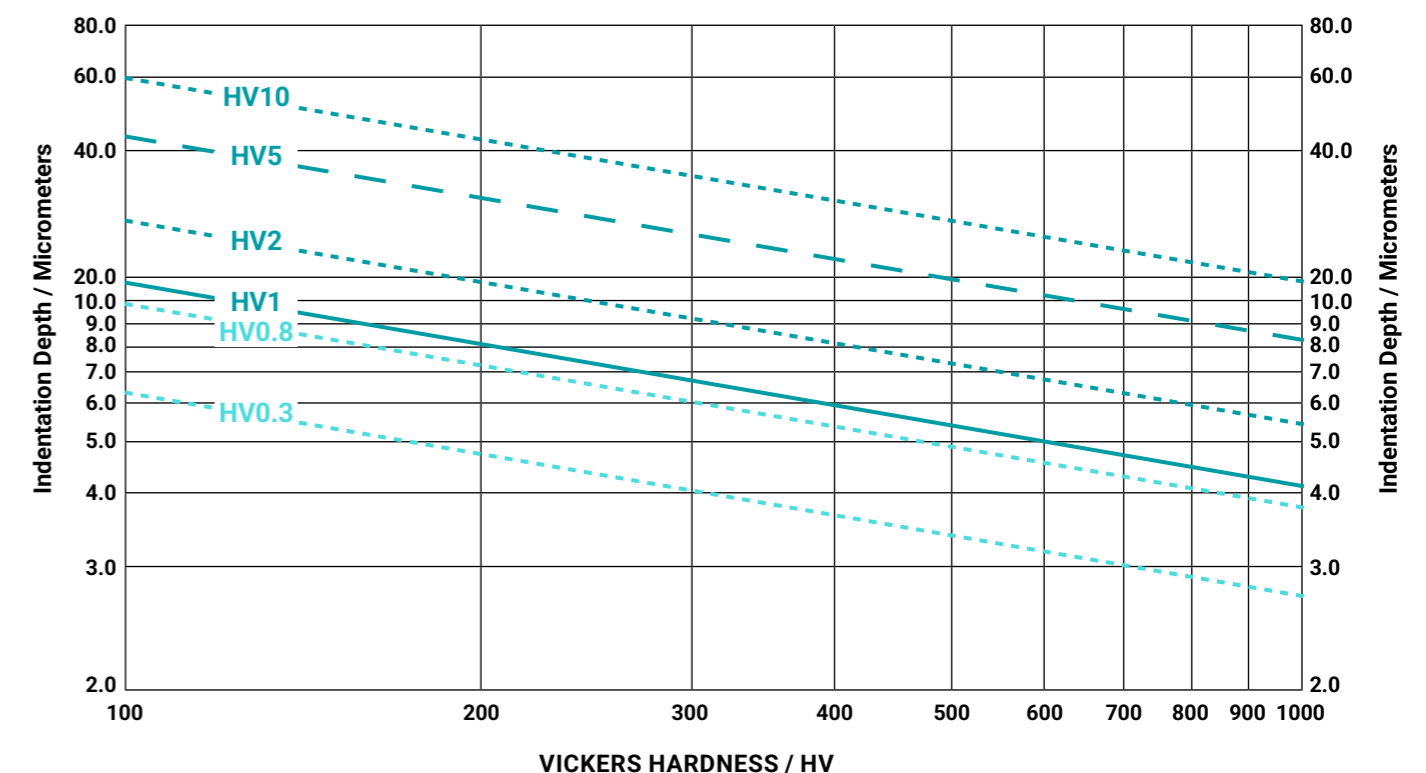
| Impact devices/probes | UCI < 1kgf | UCI 1-10 kgf |
|--|------------|--------------|
| Thin objects | ● | ○ |
| Light objects | ● | ○ |
| Objects with limited/difficult accessibility | ○ | ● |
| Polished objects ¹ | ● | ● |
| Small round objects | ● | ● |
| Mid-size objects | ● | ● |
| Very hard objects | ● | ● |
| Large objects | ● | ● |
| Large cast objects | ○ | ○ |
| Coatings | ● | ○ |

1) if only small indentation are allowed. ○ Depending on test object.



| Probe setup | HV0.3 (2.9N) | HV0.8 (7.8N) | HV1 (9.8 N) | HV5 (49 N) | HV10 (98N) | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Minimal required wall thickness (DIN50159) | 5 mm / 0.2 inch | | | | | |
| Minimal required wall thickness (ASTM A1038) | 2 mm / 0.08 inch | | | | | |
| Minimal required weight (ASTM A1038) | 0.3 kg / 0.66 lbs | | | | | |
| Minimal required weight (DIN 50159) | 0.2 kg / 0.44 lbs | | | | | |
| Minimum layer thickness | 10 x indentation depth | | | | | |
| Required surface roughness | Grade class | N6 | N7 | N8 | N10 | |
| | Average roughness | <0.8 μm / 31 μinch | 1.6 μm / 63 μinch | 3.2 μm / 125 μinch | 12.5 μm / 500 μinch | |
| Acceptable surface curvature | Radius > 3 mm | | | | | |
| Minimum indentation spacing | Indentation to edge | 5 mm / 0.2 inch | | | | |
| | Between indentations | 3 mm / 0.12 inch | | | | |
| Indentation size on test surface | | | | | | |
| 300 HV, ~ 30 HRC | Depth | 6.1 μm / 236 μinch | 10.0 μm / 394 μinch | 11.3 μm / 445 μinch | 25.3 μm / 996 μinch | 35.5 μm / 1398 μinch |
| | Diagonal | 43 μm / 1693 μinch | 70 μm / 2756 μinch | 79.1 μm / 3114 μinch | 177.1 μm / 6972 μinch | 248 μm / 9764 μinch |
| 600 HV, ~ 55 HRC | Depth | 4.3 μm / 169 μinch | 7.1 μm / 276 μinch | 8 μm / 315 μinch | 17.9 μm / 705 μinch | 25.1 μm / 988.2 μinch |
| | Diagonal | 30.4 μm / 1196 μinch | 49.7 μm / 1956 μinch | 56 μm / 2205 μinch | 125.3 μm / 4933 μinch | 175 μm / 6890 μinch |
| 800 HV, ~ 63 HRC | Depth | 3.8 μm / 138 μinch | 6.1 μm / 236 μinch | 6.9 μm / 272 μinch | 15.5 μm / 610 μinch | 21.7 μm / 854 μinch |
| | Diagonal | 26.3 μm / 1035 μinch | 43 μm / 1693 μinch | 272 μm / 1900 μinch | 108.5 μm / 4272 μinch | 152 μm / 5984 μinch |

Vickers indentation depth vs. hardness & test load map



EQUOTIP 550 - UCI - TECH INFORMATION

UCI Motorized Probes: MOTO-03 & MOTO-08

Its very low indentation force enables users effortless testing of coatings, thin layers and delicate surfaces with nearly no impact from operator on the final result.

Standards

- ASTM A956 / A370 / A1058
- DIN 50159
- GB/T 17394

Conversion standards

- ASTM E140
- ISO 18265
- Proceq's own conversion curves

Guidelines

- ASME CRTD-91
- DGZfP Guideline MC 1
- VDI / VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1

Hardness measurements with test loads below 10 N (HV1) fall into the category of microhardness testing and produce very small indentations on the test surface, making them highly sensitive to probe handling. This is why motorized probes are the preferred solution when working with loads below 10 N.



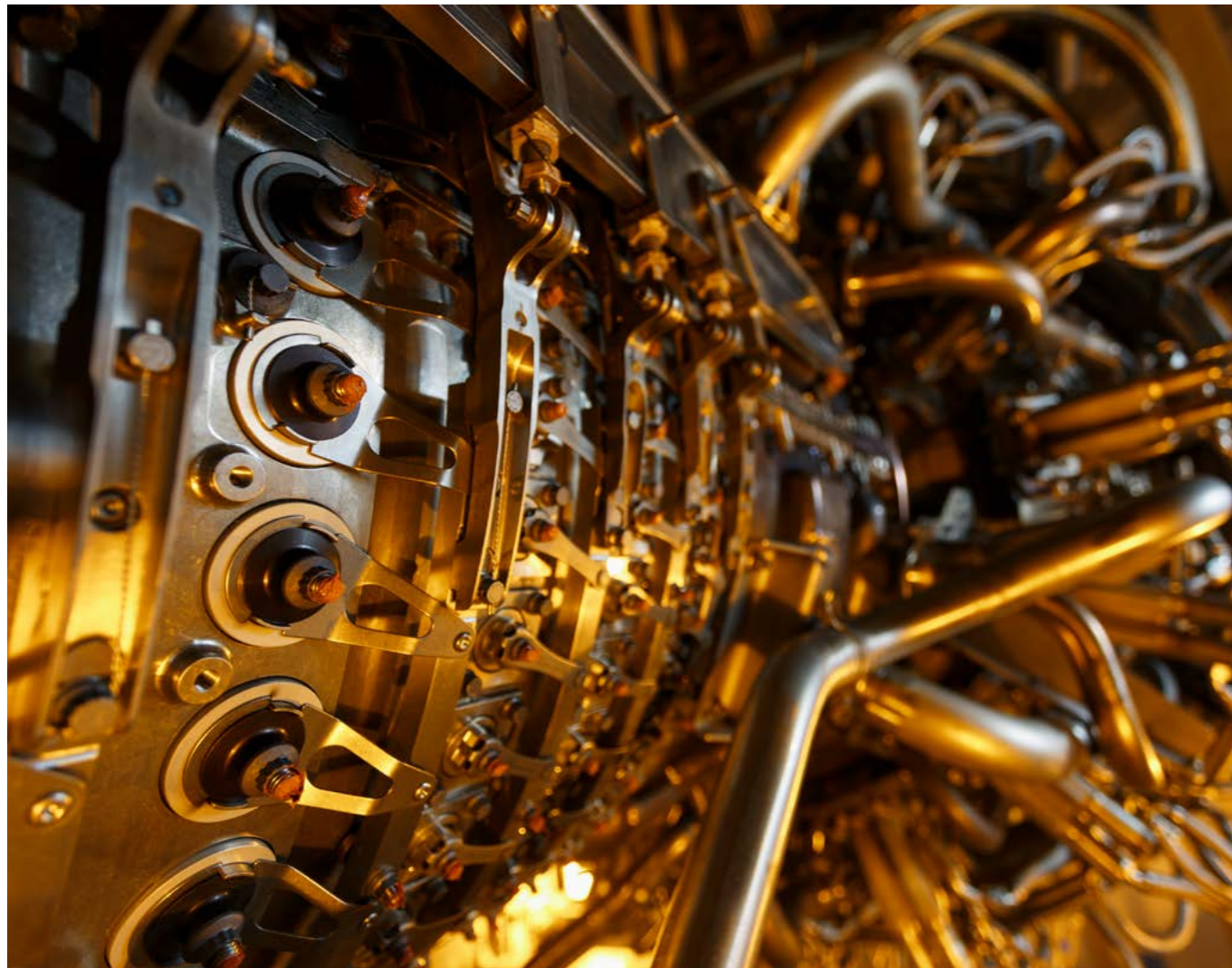
| Specs | |
|--------------------|---|
| Measuring range | 100-1500 HV |
| Resolution | 1 HV (UCI), 0.1 HRC |
| Measuring accuracy | ± 2% (150 – 950 HV) |
| Test loads | HV 0.3, HV 0.8 |
| Diamond indenter | 136° Vickers diamond indenter according to ISO 6507-2 |
| Dimensions | 235 mm x 40 mm (9.25 inch x 1.57) inch |

| Thin coating testing guide based on the test force / kgf (HV) | 0.3 | 0.8 |
|---|-----|-----|
| Thin coatings with highly polished surface | ● | |
| Coatings with thickness over 40 micron (Chromium and Copper) | ● | |
| Hardening layer with thickness over 20 micron | ● | ○ |
| Rotogravure cylinders | ● | ○ |
| Precision parts | ● | |
| Bearing race | | ● |
| Bearings guide rail | | ● |
| Bearings | | ● |
| Crankshafts and camshafts | | ● |
| Ion nitridated layers | ● | ● |
| Precision mold | ● | ● |
| Small parts | ● | ● |
| Case hardening | ● | ● |
| Polished metals (Steel, Al, Ti, etc) without visible surface damage | ● | ○ |

EQUOTIP 550 - UCI - CASE STUDY/AN

Turbomachinery: Quality assure different components with one probe

For turbomachinery such as gas or steam turbines that work under high temperature and pressure environment, it is essential to check the hardness of different components. This application note describes how you can quality assure and measure the hardness of several different components with just one probe.



This application note describes how to quality assure and measure the hardness of several different components with just one probe.

Turbomachinery components for high temperature and pressure

Gas turbines and steam turbines work under high temperature and pressure environment. Some components even sustain dynamic loadings. It is essential to check the hardness of different components of turbines to ensure enough strength as well as other parameters e.g. anti-fatigue performance.

Components with hardness exceeding the required boundaries might lead to severe consequences. For example, turbine blades with less hardness than required might crack and then break during operation, fly out at a high speed, damage infrastructure and hurt people.

Different test loads for different applications

Screening Eagle customers around the world use the Equotip 550 UCI and Equotip Live UCI to assure the quality of turbines. Previously, the customer was using UCI probes which only allow one test load per probe. Due to the test load requirements from different components, they need to purchase and maintain multiple probes.

The unique "adjustable test load" feature of Equotip UCI probes allows customers to measure hardness on different components with only one probe. For instance, HV1 test load is selected to measure on thin coating layers of the turbine blades, HV5 test load is selected to measure on big bolts and HV10 test load is selected to measure on the rotor. It is very convenient for customers to carry only one probe to cover all the applications they need for the entire turbine. Also shows the incredible potential of the non-destructive testing equipment, Schmidt hammer and Equotip, when used in extreme conditions.



Quick on-site test thanks to the portability and unique feature: 3-in-1

Before the turbine is assembled together, customers take the device to quickly test different parts one by one on the manufacturing sites. Once the turbine is assembled and installed, customers easily take the device to power plant sites and quality assure the entire turbine during e.g. scheduled outages.



EQUOTIP 550 - ROCKWELL - TECH INFORMATION

Material independent method

Equotip portable Rockwell is a portable version of the conventional Rockwell method and can be used to test larger test pieces but also thin elements, wires and rods, heat exchangers in aerospace, automotive, machine industry and even in space rockets.

Standards

- ASTM A3246
- DIN 50157

Conversion standards

- ASTM E140
- ISO 18265

Guidelines

- ASME CRTD-91
- DGZfP Guideline MC 1
- VDI/ VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1



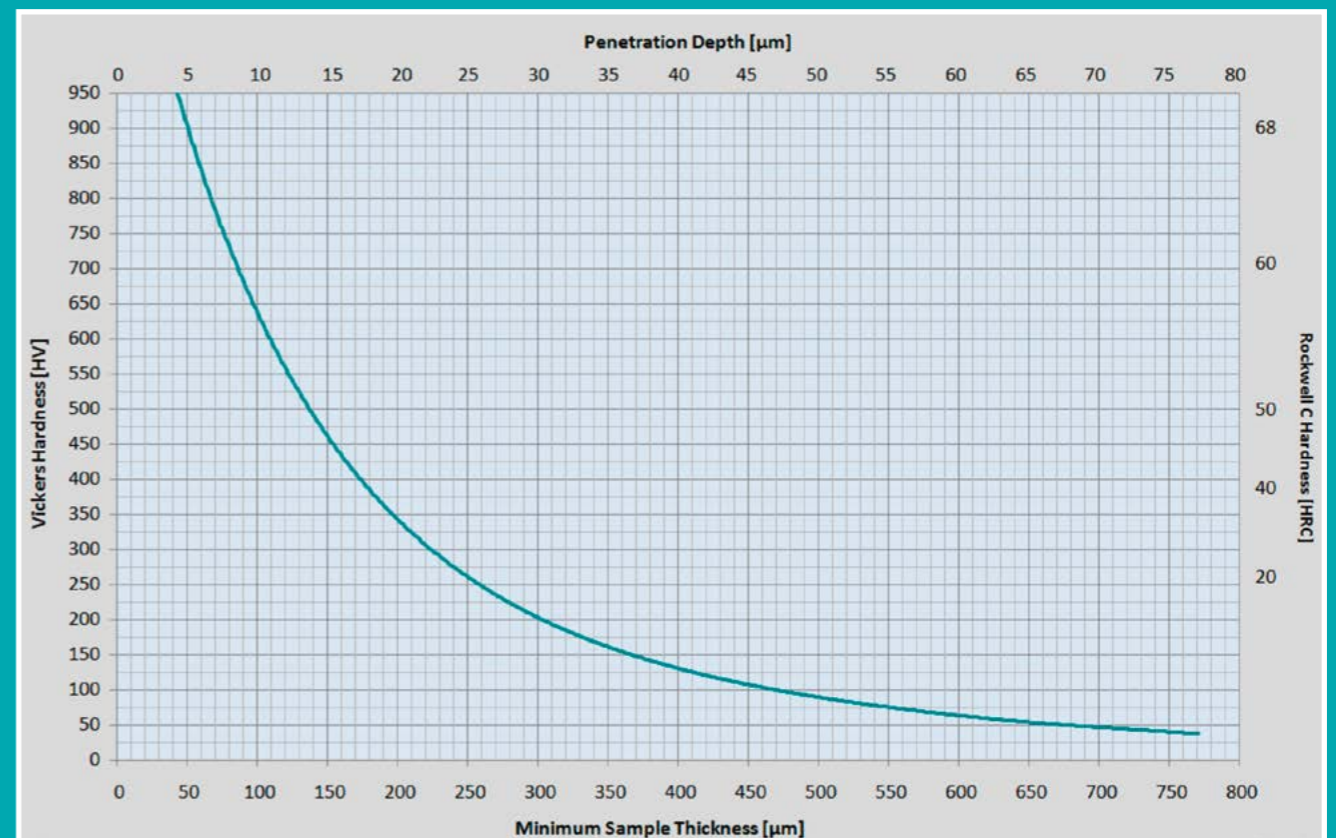
The Equotip Portable Rockwell has no mass limitations, and its thickness limitations follow the same principles as the stationary Rockwell method, allowing users to test pieces even below 1 mm.

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Measuring range | 0-100 µm; 19-70 HRC; 35-1'000 HV |
| Resolution | 0.1 µm; 0.1 HRC; 1 HV |
| Measuring accuracy | ± 0.8 µm; ~ ± 1.0 HRC over entire range |
| Test loads | Preload 10 N / Total Load 50 N |
| Diamond indenter | Angle 100.0° ± 0.5°, diameter of flat area of 60 µm ± 0.5 µm |
| Dimensions | 112 x Ø 40 mm // 4.4 x Ø 1.57 inches (without foot) |

This product must be used with the foot

No thickness limitation

The required minimum thickness for a reliable hardness reading is ten times the indentation depth. For the mass there is no minimum requirement.



EQUOTIP 550 - ROCKWELL - ACCESSORIES

The Equotip Portable Rockwell Measuring Clamp

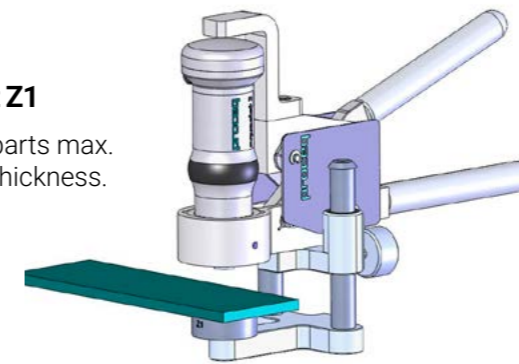
A measuring clamp is an excellent tool for testing pipes and cylindrical objects because it ensures stable and accurate positioning of the probe, preventing vibrations and slippage and improving the consistency of results, especially on curved surfaces and thin test objects.



Clamp Adapters

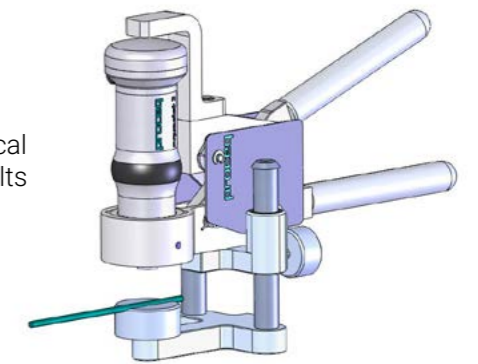
Support Z1

For flat parts max. 40 mm thickness.



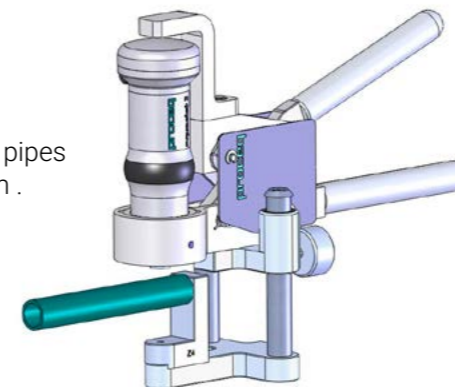
Support Z2

For thin cylindrical parts, wires, bolts min. Ø 3 mm.



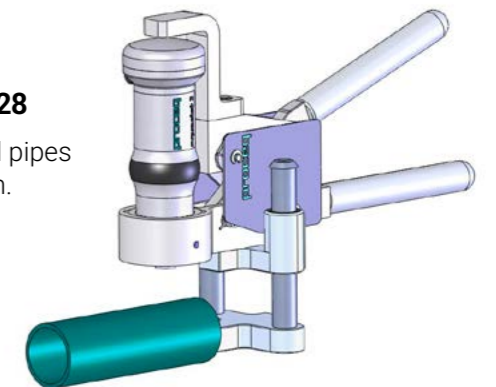
Support Z4

For tubes and pipes up to Ø 28 mm .



Support Z4+28

For tubes and pipes over Ø 28 mm.



Rockwell feet for any shape

Round standard foot (magnetic)

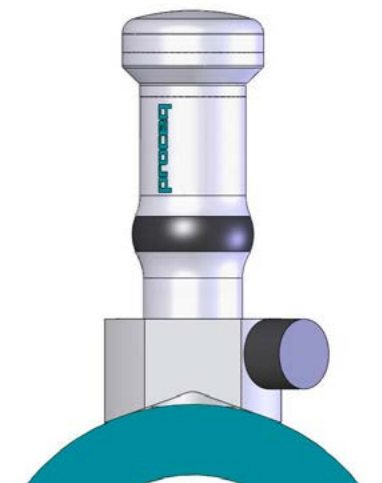
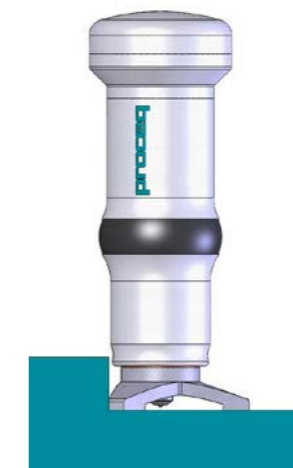
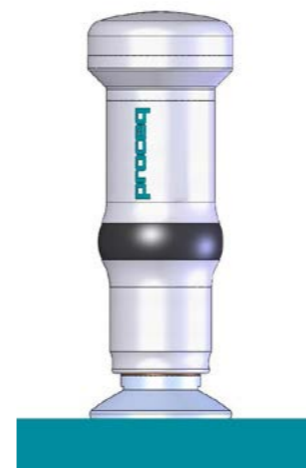
Ideal for flat parts, and test locations more than 10 mm from an edge.

Tripod foot

Designed for tests that require accurate positioning (welds, heat-affected zones).

Special feet RZ 18-70 and 70-co

Designed for curved test pieces such as cylindrical parts, tubes, pipes.



EQUOTIP 550 - ROCKWELL - CONVERSION SCALES

Available unit conversions to various most common hardness scales and mechanical strength.

| Material Class | Method | Unit | Conversion Range |
|----------------------|----------|----------|------------------|
| Steel and cast Steel | Leeb | HLD | 290-890 |
| | Vickers | HV | 30-1080 |
| | Brinell | HB | 76-618 |
| | Rockwell | HRA | 37-87 |
| | | HRB | 55-100 |
| | | HRC | 19-70 |
| | | HR15N | 69-93 |
| | HMMRC | 19-70 | |
| R _m | MPa | 255-2180 | |

EQUOTIP 550 - ROCKWELL - TEST PIECE REQUIREMENTS

The Equotip Portable Rockwell probe delivers reliable testing with accurate results, and proper surface preparation is essential for achieving this precision. It also offers flexibility across various curvatures, making it ideal for diverse testing needs.

| Probe setup | 50 N probe with clamp | 50 N probe with round standard foot (φ = 42 mm) | 50 N probe with tripod | 50 N probe with special feet |
|------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Minimum test piece thickness | 250 μm at ~ 20 HRC <100 μm at ~70 HRC | | | |
| Maximum test piece thickness | 40 mm * | no maximum thickness limits | | |
| Test piece surface condition | recommended mean surface roughness Ra < 2 μm to minimize data scatter | | | |
| Surface curvature | | foot to be used for plane surfaces | very small curvatures acceptable | 18 – 70 mm radius of curvature or 70 mm – ∞ |
| Maximum test piece hardness | 70 HRC | | | |
| Minimum spacing | three times the diameter of a test indentation | | | |

*Test piece thickness is required because of the clamp



EQUOTIP 550 - ROCKWELL - CASE STUDY/AN

Assessing the Hardness of Thin Medical Wires

Accurately assessing the hardness of small components such as very thin medical wires can be a challenging task. See how to achieve quick and reliable hardness measurements for thin wires using the direct-indentation method.



This application note describes how to inspect the hardness of thin medical wires with portable hardness testers.

Hardness evaluation of thinner wires

The industry is well equipped with such tools as Leeb rebound testers or Ultrasonic Contact Impedance (UCI) to evaluate the hardness of larger objects that fulfill the mass and dimension criteria; crucial conditions to correctly evaluate the hardness of tested objects.

Objects below the mass dimension limits must be coupled with a special grease to a solid surface, in order to prevent the test piece from vibrations. However, as the objects become smaller, the correct assessment of the hardness is a challenging task.

Quick and reliable measurement with the direct-indentation method

For many years, our customers have been verifying HRA and HRC hardness values of very thin 3 - 5 mm medical wires made out of stainless steel, copper, aluminium and brass.

The Equotip 550 Portable Rockwell probe installed in the measuring clamp fits the application perfectly and delivers the required results quickly and easily. The simplicity and portability of the Equotip 550 are greatly appreciated by the customers.



What materials can be tested?

In short, any. The Portable Rockwell method measures the penetration depth of the test piece and is measured in micrometers, hence any material which is at least 10 x thicker than the indentation depth can be successfully tested.

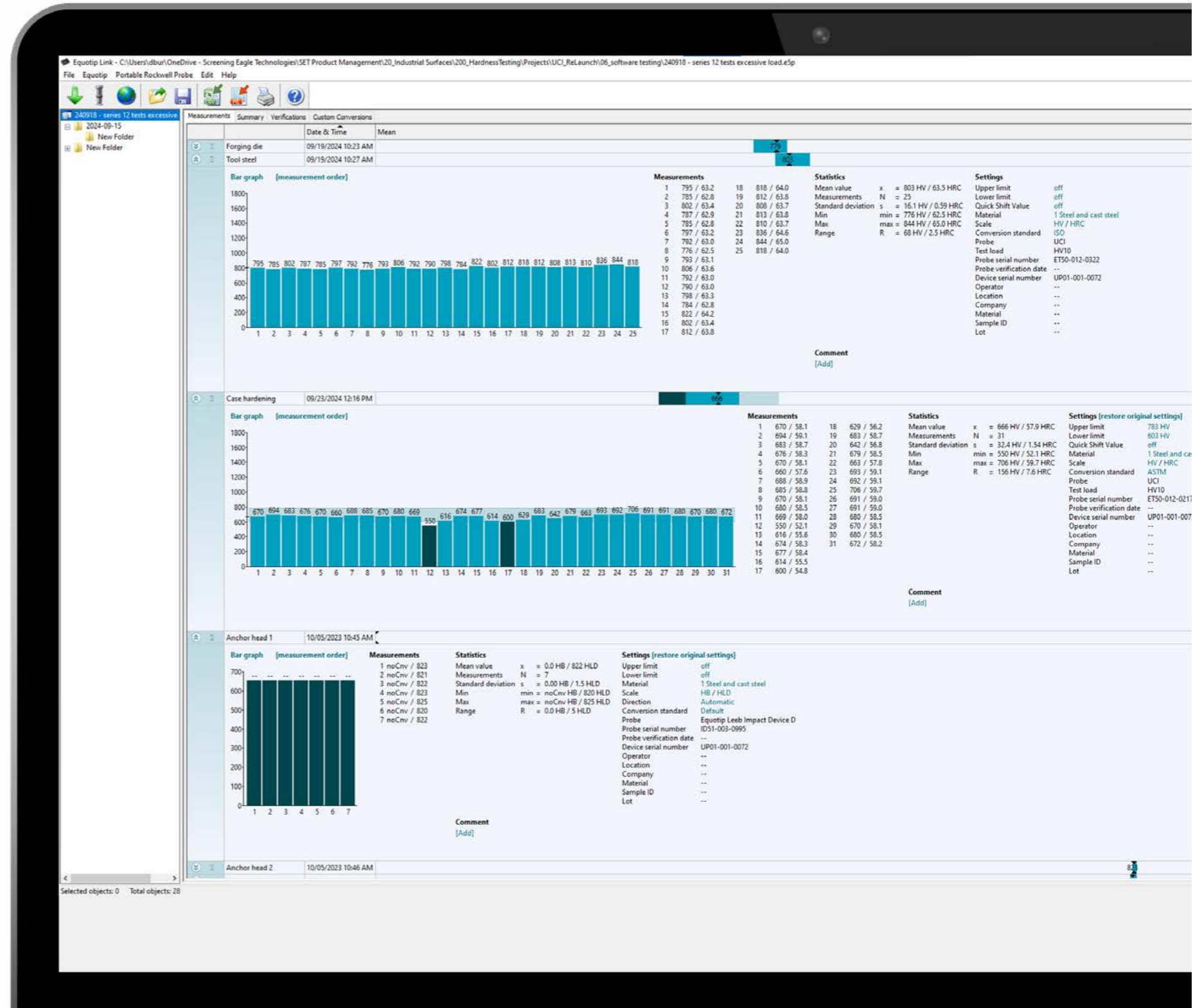
EQUOTIP 550 - LINK

Store and process your data efficiently

Your gateway to data management and consistent updates. Receive notifications and prompts whenever new software update is available.

Your data solution: storage, processing, and updates. A PC software that enables you to:

- View and modify your measurement data thanks to the intuitive user interface (min, max values, measurement range, average, measurement and test piece traceable data)
- Secure your data on a local drive
- Download, view, process, and export your measurement, verification and custom conversion data to excel and PNG files
- Change your conversion units and standards directly in the software
- Manage a fleet of your devices, upload your custom conversion files to multiple devices within your organization, download or upload your device settings





Equotip Live

EQUOTIP LIVE - GENERAL INTRO

Adhering to global industry standards

New generation wireless impact device

- Ergonomic design
- Multi-color status LEDs
- Standard Batteries (for flights)
- Bluetooth LE
- Compliance to standards



Take it to any workspace and share data in real-time! There is no need to go back to the office to sync your data.

Powerful features for data review and sharing

- Enhanced logbook features including text and voice notes, photos and tested objects keep your observations and details with the data.
- Multiple data exporting possibilities (URL, PDF, CSV)
- Available for web browsers and iOS based devices

Custom materials

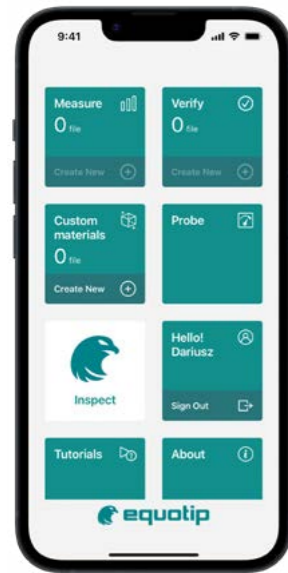
- Flexible for all applications, such as new or rare materials and non-standard alloys
- Custom curve conversion function
- Application of custom conversion to new and already-acquired data sets



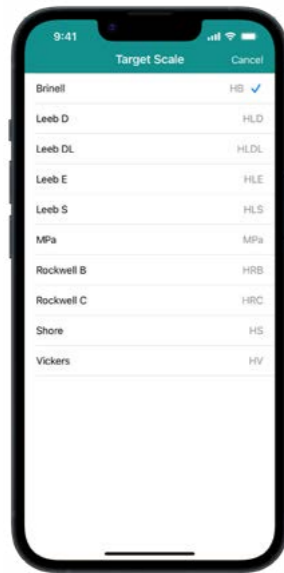
EQUOTIP LIVE - SOFTWARE

Sync and share: on the go reporting

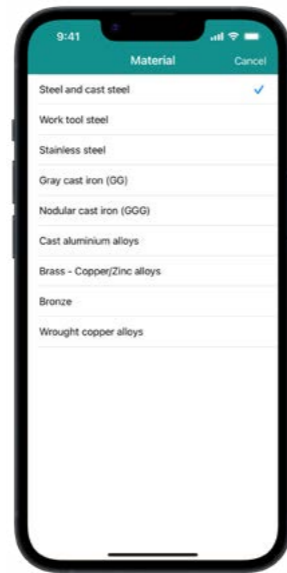
Full Analysis Engine in your hand



Easy Interface



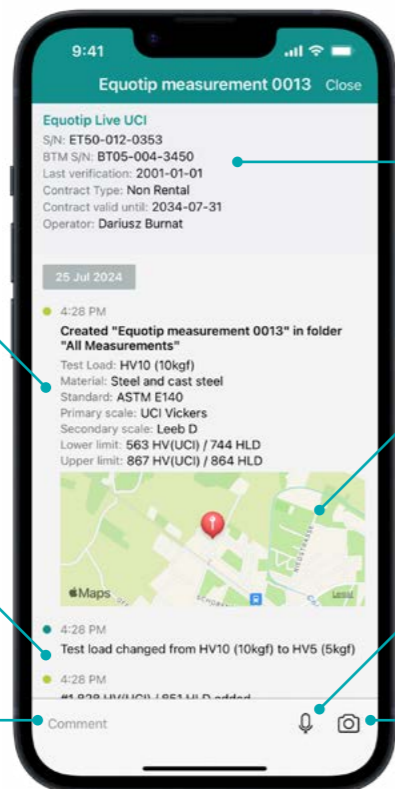
Scale



Material



Custom conversion



Measurement settings

Track changes

Add comments

Probe and user details

Geolocation

Add voice notes

Add photos



All the IoT ecosystem of Proceq solutions:

- Access data wherever
- Generate reports (photo bar charts, statistics..)
- Traceable logbook (screenshot geo location, text)
- Verification and calibration information



EQUOTIP LIVE - LEEB D

Software connected Dynamic Rebound Impact Device

Standards

- ASTM A956 / A370 / A1058
- ISO 16859
- GB/T 17394
- JB/T 9378

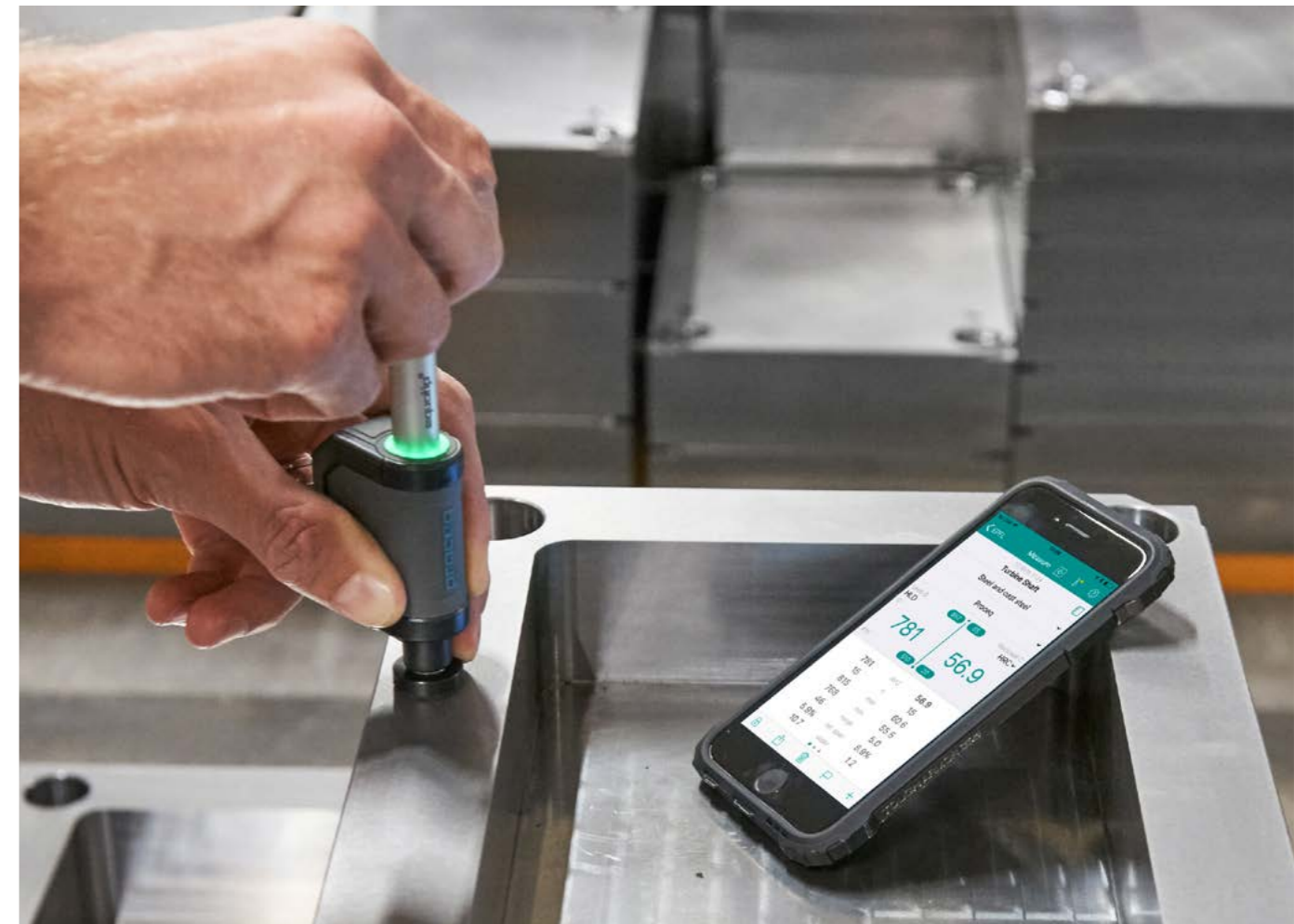
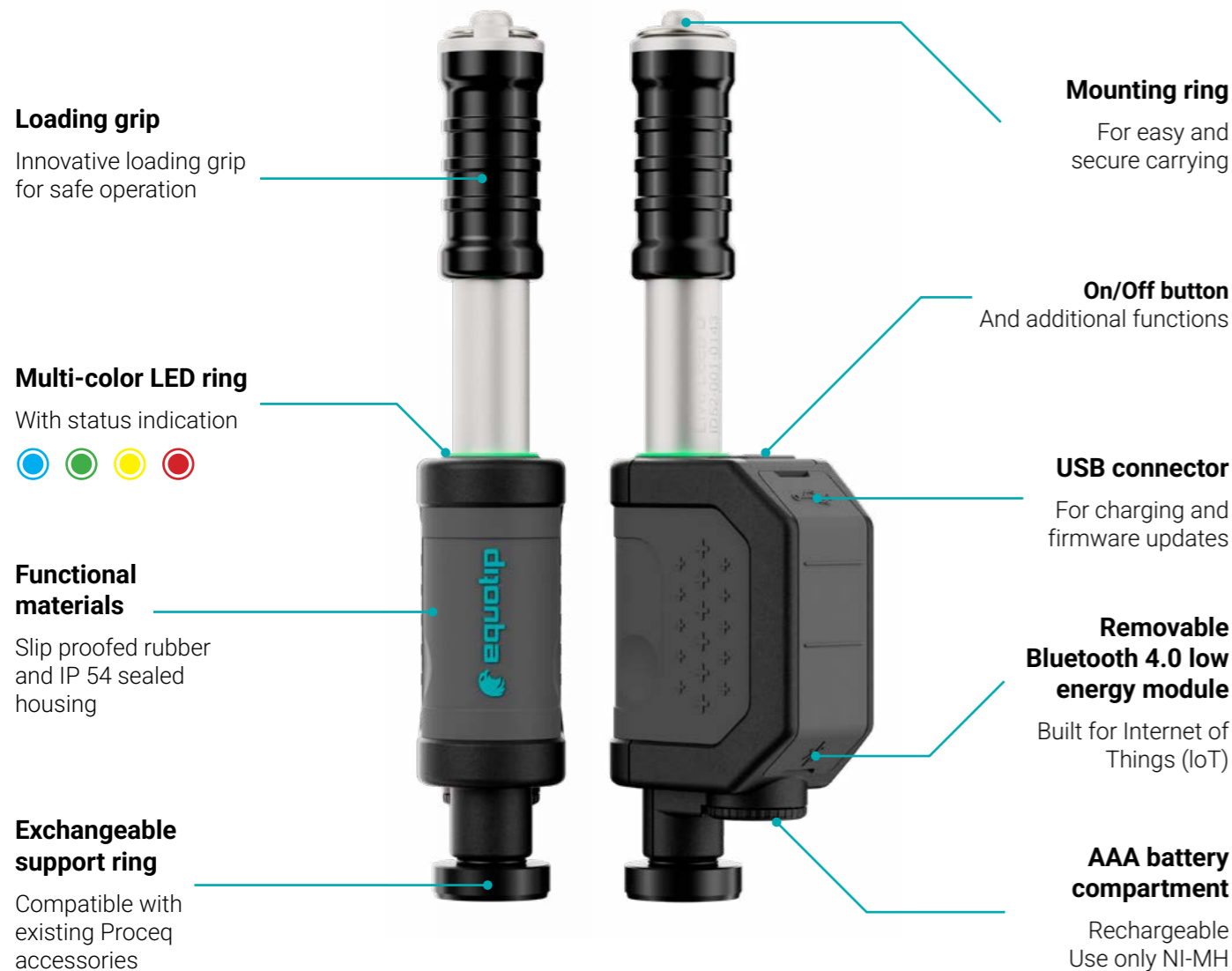
Conversion standards

- ASTM E140
- ISO 18265
- Proceq's own conversion curves

Guidelines

- ASME CRTD-91
- DGZfP Guideline MC 1
- VDI / VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1
- Nordtest Technical Reports 99.12, 99.13, 99.36

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Operation hours | Up to 20h |
| Measuring range | 100-1000 HLD |
| Measuring accuracy | ± 4HLD, (0.5% @800 HLD) |
| Indenter | Tungsten carbide (D) |
| Impact energy / Test force | 11 Nmm (D, DL) |
| Measuring resolution | 1 HLD/HV/HB 0.1 HRC/HRB/HS 1 N/mm ² (Rm) |
| Weight | 86 g |
| Dimensions | 46 x 24.5 x 146 mm |
| Operating temperature | -10 to 50 °C, Humidity 90% max |





EQUOTIP LIVE - UCI

Software connected Ultrasonic Contact Impedance hardness testing

Standards

- ASTM A1038 / A370
- DIN 50159
- GB/T 34205

Conversion standards

- ASTM E140
- ISO 18265
- Proceq's own conversion curves

Guidelines

- ASME CRTD-91
- DGZfP Guideline MC 1
- VDI / VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Operation hours | 4-8h (depending on the used battery capacity) |
| Measuring range | 20-2000 HV |
| Measuring accuracy | ± 2% |
| Indenter | ISO 6507-2 compliant, 136° Vickers diamond |
| Impact energy / Test force | HV1 (9.8 N), HV5 (49 N), HV10 (98N) in one probe |
| Measuring resolution | 1 HV(UCI), 0.1 HRC |
| Weight | 234 g |
| Dimensions | 77 x 62 x 185.5 mm |
| Operating temperature | -20°C to +60°C / 14°F to 122°F |





Equotip
Piccolo 2
Bambino 2



EQUOTIP PICCOLO 2 / BAMBINO 2

Ideal for Rapid On-Site Hardness Tests

Standards

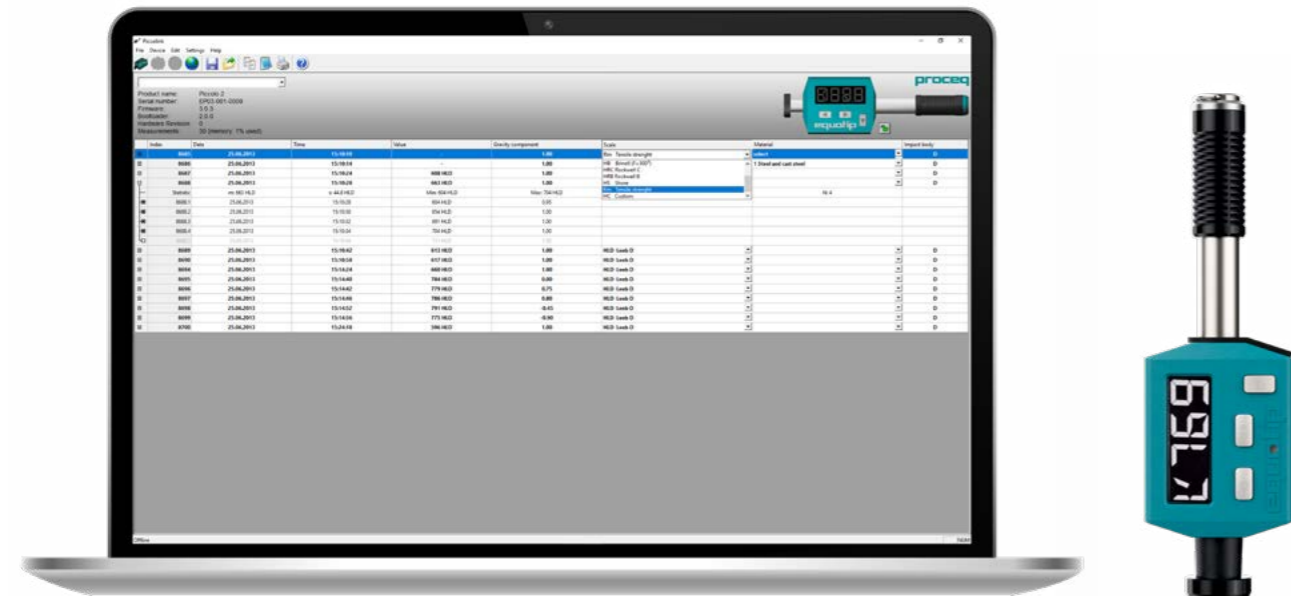
- ASTM A370
- ASTM A956
- DIN EN ISO 16859
- GB/T 17394
- JB/T 9378

Conversion standards

- ASTM E140
- ISO 18265
- Proceq's own conversion curves

Guidelines

- ASME CRTD-91
- DGZfP Guideline MC 1
- VDI / VDE Guideline 2616 Paper 1
- Nordtest Technical Reports 99.12, 99.13, 99.36



Features

- Compact: pocket size
- Large and bright display
- Robust metal Zn/Al casing
- Leeb D/DL method
- Li-Ion Battery
- PC Software (Piccolo 2 only)

Software

- Automatic compensation for impact direction
- Remote control of Piccolo 2 settings
- User-defined hardness conversions (Piccolo 2 only)
- Piccolo Link (Piccolo 2 only) for data download, management and export (CSV, PNG), Conversion curve management, and for upgrades of constantly expanding Equotip and Equotip Link Software.

| | With Impact device D | With Impact device DL |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Measuring range | 150-950 HLD | 250-970 HLDL |
| Instrument dimensions | 147.5 x 44 x 20 mm (5.71 x 1.75 x 0.79 inches) | 203 x 44 x 20 mm (7.99 x 1.75 x 0.79 inches) |
| Instrument weight | 142 g (5 ounces) | 152 g (5.4 ounces) |

| | Piccolo 2 | Bambino 2 |
|----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Conversion | 80-955 HV, 81-678 HB, 20-70 HRC, 38-102 HRB, 30-100 HS Piccolo 2 only: 274-2193 N/mm2 | |
| Instrument dimensions | 147.5 x 44 x 20 mm (5.71 x 1.75 x 0.79 inches) 203 x 44 x 20 mm (7.99 x 1.75 x 0.79 inches) | |
| Measuring resolution | 1 HLD/HLDL/HV/HB; 0.1 HRC/HRB/HS 1 N/mm ² (Rm) | |
| Measuring accuracy | ± 4 HLx (0.5% @800 HLD / HLDL) | |
| Maximum test hardness | 890 HLD (955 HV, 68HRC) | |
| Impact energy / Test force | 11 Nmm (D, DL) | |
| Indenter | Tungsten carbide (~1,600 HV), 3 mm (0.12 inches) diameter | |
| Battery | Rechargeable Li ion, operation period over 20,000 impacts, charging current 100mA | |
| Operation hours | > 20'000 impacts | |
| Operating conditions | Temperature: -10 to +60 °C, Humidity: 90% max. | |
| Memory | Non-volatile, RAM 32KBytes, 2'000 impacts | |
| Connectivity | PC connection for data exporting | No |

ACCESSORIES

- Easily interchange D and DL impact devices
- Support rings available



Calibration



CALIBRATION - CALIBRATION TEST BLOCKS

Self verify your devices with full traceability test blocks

All applicable standards recommend or require performing a simple equipment test before and after material testing. In this indirect check, measurements are performed on certified hardness reference blocks in the corresponding hardness range, to verify the correct operation of the test equipment.

Leeb Features:

- Patented process ensuring the highest hardness homogeneity
- Double side-calibration enables the users 2x longer lifetime
- ISO & ASTM compliant
- ISO 17025-accredited calibration



| Probe type | Hardness level | | | |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Soft | Medium | Hard | Very hard |
| D/DC | ~< 500 HLD / 220 HB | ~600 HLD/ 325 HB | ~ 775 HLD/ ~56 HRC | |
| DL | ~<710 HLDL/<220 HB | ~780 HLDL/325 HB | ~890 HLDL /~56 HRC | |
| C | ~565 HLC/<220 HB | ~665 HLC / ~325 HB | ~835 HLC/~56 HRC | |
| G | ~<450 HLG/ >200 HB | ~570 HLG/ 340 HB | | |
| S | | | ~815 HLS/ ~56 HRC | ~850 HLS/ ~62 HRC |
| E | | | ~740 HLE/ ~56 HRC | ~800 HLE/~63 HRC |

UCI Features:

- Patented process ensuring the highest hardness homogeneity
- Available with HV1, HV5 and HV10 calibrations., as well as HV0.3&HV0.8
- ISO & ASTM compliant
- ISO 17025-accredited calibration

| Probe type | Hardness level | | |
|------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| | Soft | Medium | Hard |
| UCI | ~ 300 HV | ~550 HV | ~850 HV |



Rockwell Features:

- Enlarged surface providing longer lifetime
- Unmatched hardness homogeneity
- ISO & ASTM compliant

| Probe type | Hardness level | | |
|------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| | Soft | Medium | Hard |
| Rockwell | ~ 20 HRC | ~45 HRC | ~62 HRC |



Wide range of additional calibrations is available for all test blocks to meet every customer requirement.



CALIBRATION - CALIBRATION SERVICE AND WARRANTY

Worldwide service network

Proceq embodies reliability and quality assurance in the industry, with an ISO/IEC 17025 accredited calibration laboratory. This accreditation helps ensure that every product leaving our calibration facility meets the highest standards and has full traceability.

All Equotip hardness testing probes, Leeb and UCI test blocks are delivered with ISO 17025-accredited calibrations, as our factory default calibrations.

Proceq's commitment to excellence extends globally, facilitated by its expansive service network of partners and sales presence spanning over 100 countries. This extensive reach underscores the company's dedication to serving customers worldwide, providing you with unparalleled support and accessibility to its cutting-edge products and services.

Service and Support

Proceq is committed to providing the best support and service available in the industry through the Proceq certified service centers worldwide. This results in complete support for Equotip by means of our global service and support facilities. Proceq offers various extended warranty options.

What is ISO/IEC 17025?

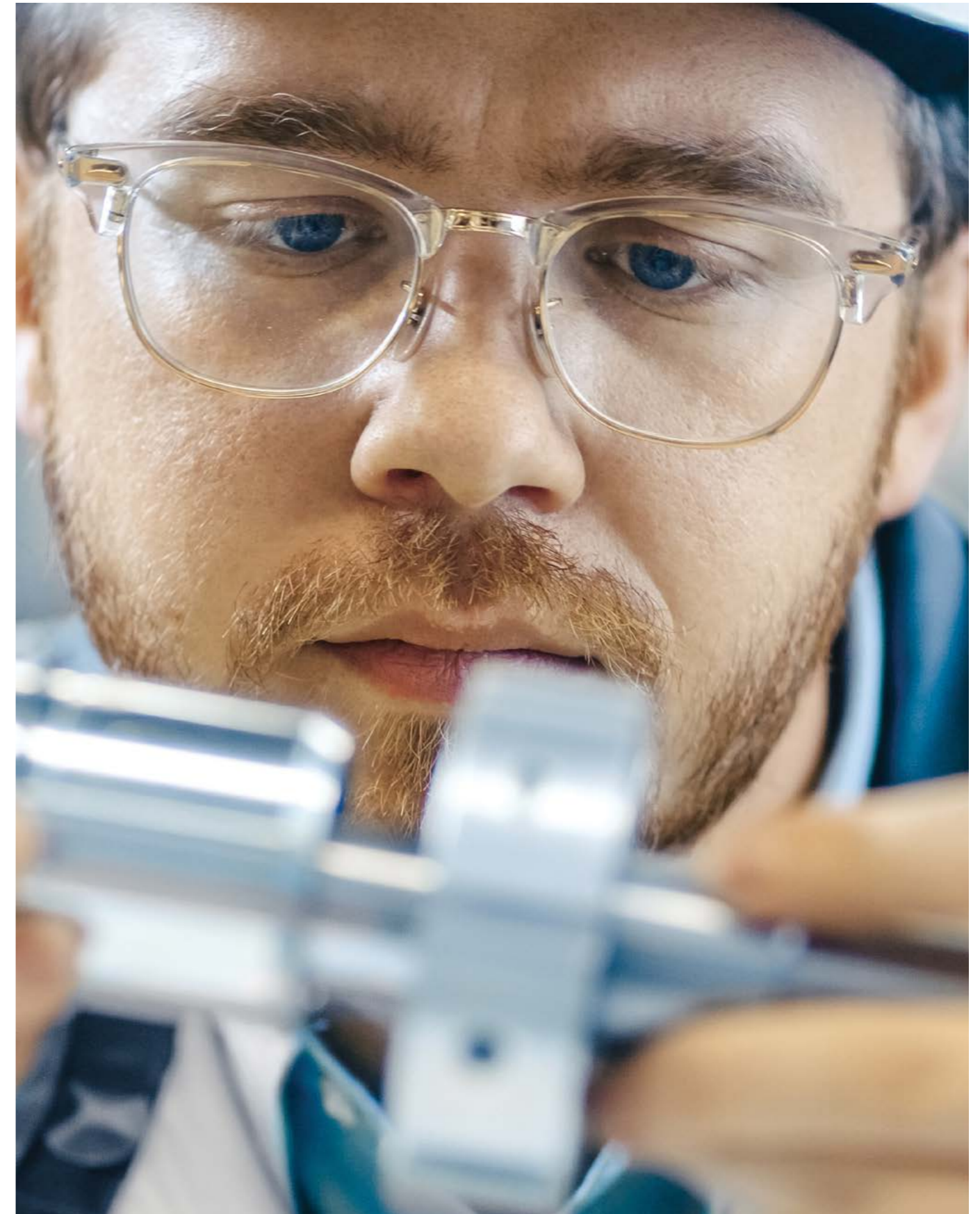
ISO/IEC 17025 (The International Organization for Standardization) accreditation serves as a formal recognition of the technical competence and reliability of testing laboratories in calibration.

Why is traceability crucial for quality control?

Traceability ensures accurate measurement results. To maintain accuracy in every step of the calibration process, it is essential to have full traceability to National Standards (SI units). ISO/IEC 17025 confirms that traceability in the laboratory is assured. This means that all the measurements are made using the same standard and they can later be related to known references, expressed in standard units, through a series of calibration comparisons. This ensures reliability and universal acceptance of measurement standards among laboratories.



Read more in this QR: <https://www.screeningeagle.com/en/product/services/calibration-lab>
This ensures reliability and universal acceptance of measurement standards among laboratories.



PORTABLE HARDNESS TESTING BOOK

Written by the inventors of Equotip

The Equotip team brings portable hardness expertise to your fingertips with the world's first portable hardness testing book! Used to train thousands of hardness quality experts all over the world, the book is now an industry must-have.



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Decades of knowledge in one comprehensive book.



Chapter

01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08

Driving quality for the automotive sector

Automotive manufacturing involves many different components and routine hardness testing is carried out in several areas. Components where quality of materials and manufacture is regularly subjected to hardness testing include engine blocks and cylinders, shafts, gears, brake systems, coils and panels.

The production and assembly of a whole range of high quality, precision-engineered components is required in automobile manufacture. Hardness testing plays a crucial role in ensuring that these parts have been manufactured correctly and that they will perform according to specification during the operational lifetime of that vehicle. The following paragraphs describe the three foremost examples of where hardness testing is used in the automotive sector.

Combustion engines

Engine cylinder blocks and cylinder heads are heat treated to optimize their resistance to excessive wear and tear – and to ensure a long lifetime for the whole engine. Hardness tests are most commonly carried out on aluminium components and determine whether or not they meet the required parameters. Wrong hardness values not only compromise the lifetime, but can also damage tools during the next steps in the manufacturing process. It is also common practice to conduct hardness testing on used engine parts, after repairs for example, to check whether long-term exposure to heat has caused any change in the hardness or materials integrity.

Shafts

Hardness is an important parameter for ensuring the quality of cam- and crankshafts of automotive engines. A hardness value which is too low indicates problems during the quenching process. This results in low strength and low abrasion performance of the crankshaft. On the other hand, if hardness values are too high, then this can lead to brittleness and failure. Therefore, the hardness must be carefully checked and monitored constantly to find and solve problems quickly. Otherwise, entire crankshaft batches may need to be scrapped.

Gears

Transmission gears are not only present within this sector but also belong to the machinery sector too. For example, gears are used in cranes too – where they require hardness testing before being installed onto the main unit. If the hardness is not within the specified standard, damage to the whole crane system may be caused.

1 Cylinder head block – hardness testing is used to determine whether components meet the required parameters.
 2 Inspection of automotive shaft with Equotip HDL.
 3 Whether for automotive or industrial use, transmission gears must be hardness tested, else risk damage to the whole installation.

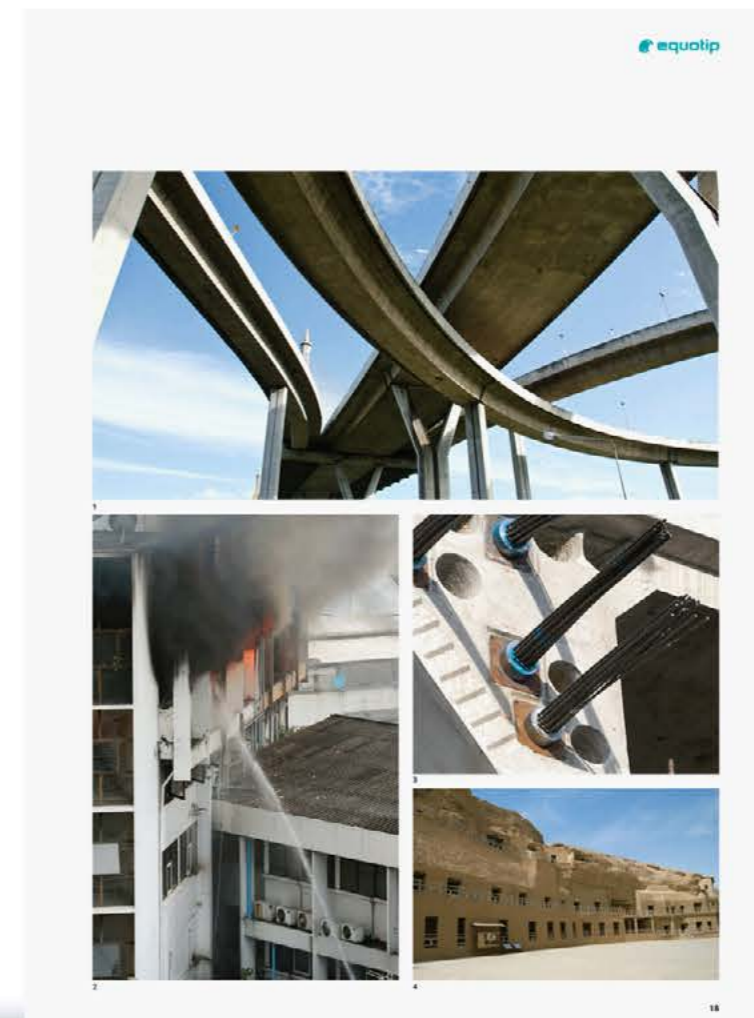
7 Portable Hardness Testing | Theory, practice, applications, guidelines

Chapter

01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08

Applications for hardness testing

Hardness measurements are used in a wide variety of industries at many production levels, from process control to quality control of manufactured products to the regulated monitoring of material performance during use, for example condition monitoring or lifetime assessment and extension. Many industries regularly carry out hardness testing and, typically, these are businesses within the automotive, oil and gas, machinery and manufacturing and aerospace sectors. However, there are also many less conventional users of and uses for hardness testing. The following pages offer an insight into both the traditional and not-so-traditional applications for hardness testing.



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Why is ha

The requirements relat
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 increasing continuous
 major focus, along with

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For inquiries, please contact us!

We have over 200 local partners in many different countries around the world. We'll keep you in contact with your local partner to serve and support you with any requests.

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